Recall,

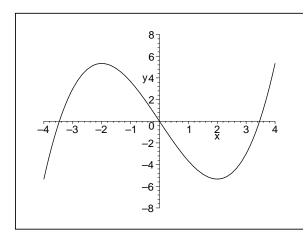
$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

gives the derivative of f at the point x = a.

For the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 4x$$

Graph of 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 4x$$



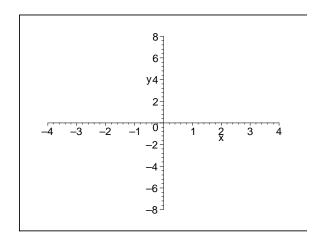
the derivative at x = a is

$$f'(a) = a^2 - 4$$

Details on back.

1. Complete the following table to find the derivative (slope of tangent line) at different values of x=a.

x = a	$f'(a) = a^2 - 4$
-3	5
-2	
-1	
0	
1	
2	
3	



- 2. Plot the coordinate pairs (a, f'(a)) from the table on the set of axes above.
- 3. Does it seem like you could connect these points to make a "nice" graph? If so, do it.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 4x$$

Then the derivative at a point x = a found by:

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a+h)^3 - 4(a+h) - (\frac{1}{3}a^3 - 4a)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3}(a^3 + 3a^2h + 3ah^2 + h^3) - 4a - 4h - \frac{1}{3}a^3 + 4a}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3}a^3 + a^2h + ah^2 + \frac{1}{3}h^3 - 4a - 4h - \frac{1}{3}a^3 + 4a}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{3}a^3 + a^2h + ah^2 + \frac{1}{3}h^3 - 4a - 4h - \frac{1}{3}a^3 + 4a}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a^2h + ah^2 + \frac{1}{3}h^3 - 4h}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{a^2h + ah^2 + \frac{1}{3}h^3 - 4h}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{h(a^2 + ah + \frac{1}{3}h^2 - 4)}{h} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{h(a^2 + ah + \frac{1}{3}h^2 - 4)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \to 0} a^2 + ah + \frac{1}{3}h^2 - 4$$

$$= a^2 - 4$$

i.e

$$f'(a) = a^2 - 4$$