## Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Math 151, Calculus I – Crawford

Score		
	1	/6
	2	/8
	3	/8
	4	/10
	5	/14
	6	/10
	7	/8
	8	/24
	9	/6
	10	/10
	Total	/100

- Calculators, books, notes (in any form), cell phones, and any unauthorized sources are <u>not</u> allowed.
- Clearly indicate your answers.
- Show all your work partial credit may be given for written work.
- Good luck!

The following formulas may or may not be helpful.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} c = cn$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^{3} = \left[\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right]^{2} = \frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}$$

1. (6 pts). Evaluate the following limit. [Show all algebraic work to justify your answer - no shortcuts.]

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2 - 3x + x^2}{6x^2 - 2}$$

- **2.** (8 pts). Given the equation  $2x^3 3x^2 5 = 0$
- (a). Explicitly write out Newton's formula for finding the root of this equation.

- (b). Start with an initial guess of  $x_0 = 2$  and iterate Newton's method to find  $x_1$ .
- [Do not simplify.]

3. (8 pts). Determine the slant asymptote of the following function.

$$f(x) = \frac{8x^3 + 2x^2 + 6}{2x^2}$$

**4.** (10 pts). Given  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  on the interval [1,4],

(a). What two conditions on f must be satisfied for the Mean Value Theorem apply?

(b). Find all numbers c that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.

**5.** (14 pts). A homeowner has 120 feet of fencing to create a rectangular pen for his two dogs. The rectangular area will be divided in half with a fence parallel to one of the sides. What are the dimensions of the overall rectangular region that will yield the maximum area enclosed?

**6.** (10 pts). Using the definition of the definite integral  $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i) \Delta x$ ,

<u>set-up, but do not evaluate</u>, the summation/limit using right endpoints for the following integral.

$$\int_{1}^{5} x - x^4 \, dx$$

7. (8 pts). Evaluate the following limit.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{2}{n}i\right) \cdot \frac{2}{n}$$

8. (24 pts). Evaluate the following integrals. [Use integration techniques, <u>NOT</u> the limit definition.]

(a). 
$$\int x^2 - 3x + \frac{4}{x^3} dx$$

**(b)**. 
$$\int_{1}^{2} (3x+2)(x-1) dx$$
 [Simplify.]

(c). 
$$\int x^3 \sec^2(x^4) dx$$

**9.** (6 pts). Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus Part B/1 to find F'(x) for

$$F(x) = \int_{\pi/4}^{x^3} \cos(t^2) dt$$

**10.** (10 pts). The velocity (m/sec) of a particle is given by v(t) = 2t - 4.

(a). Find the displacement over  $0 \le t \le 3$ .

(b). Find the total distance traveled over  $0 \le t \le 3$ .