- No books or notes (in any form) allowed. Having a phone out during the exam will result in an automatic 0 grade.
- You may use a calculator and the formula sheet.
- Clearly indicate your answers.
- Show all your work - partial credit may be given for written work.
- Problems \# 2 and 3 will be used to determine extra credit for Quiz 1.
- Good Luck!

| Score |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $/ 8$ |
| 2 | $/ 18$ |
| 3 | $/ 6$ |
| 4 | $/ 16$ |
| 5 | $/ 10$ |
| 6 | $/ 12$ |
| 7 | $/ 16$ |
| 8 |  |
| Total |  |

1. ( 8 pts ). Suppose a college department has 8 faculty, 5 alumni directors, and 42 graduating seniors. They want to form a committee that is comprised of 3 faculty, 2 alumni directors, and 5 graduating seniors. How many possible ways could they form such a committee?
2. (18 pts). The following table summarizes results from tests of an experiment to test the effectiveness of an experimental vaccine for children (based on data from USA Today).

|  | Developed Flu | Did Not Develop Flu |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vaccine Treatment | 14 | 1056 |
| Placebo | 95 | 437 |

(a). If one of the subjects is randomly selected, find the probability getting one who had the vaccine treatment or developed flu.
(b). If two of the subjects are randomly selected without replacement, find the probability that they both developed the flu.
(c). If one of the subjects is randomly selected, find the probability of getting one who had the vaccine treatment and developed the flu.
(d). If one of the subjects is randomly selected, find the probability of getting someone who developed the flu given that the subject received the placebo.
3. ( 6 pts). Dr. Crawford collects 30 homework problems and she randomly selected 4 problems to grade.
(a). How many possible different groups of 4 problems could she choose?
(b). You did not do exactly 4 problems in the homework. What is the probability that the 4 that she randomly picked are the exact same 4 that you did not do?
4. (16 pts). The following measurements were recorded for the drying time, in hours, of a certain brand of latex paint.

| 3.4 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 5.6 | 3.7 | 2.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Find each of the following. [You may use the built in STAT/LIST features of your calculator when possible.]
(a). mean
(b). median
(c). mode
(d). midrange
(e). range
(f). (sample) standard deviation
(g). (sample) variance
5. (10 pts). Consider the following sorted data giving the weights in pounds from a sample of anesthetized wild bears.

| 34 | 80 | 140 | 166 | 180 | 204 | 220 | 262 | 332 | 344 | 348 | 360 | 416 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a). Find the percentile corresponding to 204 pounds.
(b). Find the $60^{t h}$ percentile.
6. ( 16 pts ). In the 87 th Academy Awards, Eddie Redmayne won for best actor at the age of 33 and Julianne Moore won for best actress at the age of 54 . For all best actors, the mean age is 44.1 years and the standard deviation is 8.9 years. For all best actresses, the mean age is 36.2 years and the standard deviation is 11.5 years.
(a). Relative to their genders, did Eddie Redmayne or Julianne Moore have the more extreme age when winning the Oscar?
(b). Using the range rule of thumb, find the values separating best actress ages that are significantly low or significantly high.
7. (12 pts). Given the following probability distribution, find the mean and standard deviation using the formulas $\mu=\sum x \cdot P(x)$ and $\sigma=\sqrt{\sum\left[x^{2} \cdot P(x)\right]-\mu^{2}}$.
[Show your computations, preferably by adding new columns to the given table.]

| $x$ | $P(x)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0.12 |
| 2 | 0.43 |
| 3 | 0.28 |
| 5 | 0.17 |

8. ( 16 pts ). A survey sponsored by the Vision Council showed that $79 \%$ of adults need correction (glasses, contacts, surgery, etc.) for their eyesight. If 20 adults are randomly selected,
(a). Find the probability that 14 of them need correction for their eyesight.
(b). Find the probability that at least 19 of them need correction for their eyesight.
(c). Using probability, is 19 a significantly high number of adults requiring eyesight correction?
(d). What is the mean and standard deviation for the number of adults requiring eyesight correction in this group of 20 ?
