Given the $\qquad$
$\frac{d y}{d t}=-y^{4}-8 y^{3}-21 y^{2}+22 y-8=-(y-1)^{2}(y-2)(y-4)$
(a). Find all equilibrium solutions. i.e.
(b). Use the direction field below to determine the behavior of solutions as $t \rightarrow \infty$.

Ex: If $y(0)=3$, predict the asymptotic behavior (as $t \rightarrow \infty$ ).

Now use the direction field to do this generally for all possible initial conditions.
Since the ODE is autonomous, the slopes do not depend on $t$
ie. Only need the value of $y$ to give the slope


Classification and Stability of Equilibrium Points
If a solution is perturbed (ie. moves slightly) from the equilibrium point

1. $\qquad$ if all perturbed solutions return to approach it.
2. $\qquad$ if all perturbed solutions move away from it.
3. $\qquad$ if some perturbed solutions move away and some return to approach it.

Easier way (ie. w/o using the direction field) to sketch the phase line:
[More examples on the board.]
Homework: Section 2.5, p. 67: \#[1, 2, 4, 6, 9 Do not sketch solutions in $t y$-plane], 16(a), 19, 20, [21(a) Then answer: For any initial condition $y(0)=y_{0}$, what will the proportion of the population infected with the disease approach as $t \rightarrow \infty$ ?]

