1. Solve the following equations for x. Check your solutions.

- (a). $\sqrt{x+5} 4 = 0$
- (b). $(x+4)^{3/2} = 27$
- (c). |2x-1| = 3x+6
- **2.** Section 1.6 #100
- 3. Solve the following inequalities. Then graph the solution set.
- (a). 3x + 4 > 5(b). $-2 < -2(x+3) \le 6$ (c). $\left|\frac{x-2}{3}\right| < 2$ (d). $|x+4| \ge 3$
- **4.** Section 1.7 #85, 99
- 5. Solve the following inequalities. Then graph the solution set.

(a).
$$x^2 + 2x > 8$$
 (b). $\frac{5}{x-6} < \frac{3}{x+2}$

- **6.** Section 1.8 #74, 78
- 7. Find the slope and *y*-intercept of
- (a). 2x + 3y = 4 (b). 4x 8 = 0

8. Find an equation of the line with the given properties.

- (a). Passes through the point (3, -5) and has slope m = -2.
- (b). Passes through the points (-2, 4) and (3, -1).
- (c). Passes through the point (-1, 2) and (4, 2).
- (d). Passes through the point (2, 1) and is perpendicular to the line 4x + 3y = 2.

9. Section 2.1, #95. Hint: The value of the oven when it is discarded is \$0.

10. Determine whether the equation represents y as a function of x: $x^2 + y = -9$ 11. Evaluate, if possible, the function at the specified value and simplify.

(a).
$$f(x) = \frac{4x+1}{\sqrt{x}}$$
 (i). $f(4)$ (ii). $f(x+2)$

- (b). Section 2.2 #32
- **12.** Find the domain of $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-3}$
- **13.** Section 2.3 #9, 14, 33

14. Find the zeros of $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x}$ algebraically.

15. Determine whether $f(x) = x^3 + 3$ is odd, even, or neither. You must show work.

16. Section 2.4 #39

17. Section 2.5 #9(c,d,g), 13, 27

18. If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3$ and g(x) = x + 2, find (a). (f - g)(-1)

19. Given $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ and g(x) = 6 - 2x,

(a). Find $f \circ g$ and state the domain.

(b). Find $f \circ f$ and state the domain.

20. Section 2.6 #45

21. Section 2.7 #20

22. Verify that the following functions are inverses of each other $f(x) = \frac{1}{2+x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1-2x}{x}$.

23. Given $f(x) = (x-4)^2$, $x \ge 4$, determine whether it has an inverse function. If it does, find the inverse function. Also, state the domain and range of both f and f^{-1} .

24. Section 3.1 #15(c), 28, 45, 80

25. Given $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^2 - 2x - 12$, find the vertex and x-intercepts algebraically.

(b). (fg)(2t)