Fill in the blank with the missing numerator or denominator to make the equality a true statement.

1.
$$\frac{2}{7} = \frac{2}{35}$$

2.
$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9x}{}$$

Add or Subtract the following fractions. Reduce the fraction to simplest form.

3.
$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{a}{3} - \frac{b}{6}$$

4.
$$x + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{2x^2}{3}$$

Simplify the following complex fractions using **both** methods. Reduce where possible.

Method 1: LCD num. & LCD denom. Invert & Multiply

 $\underline{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Method 2: Multiply by } \frac{\text{LCD}}{\text{LCD}} \text{ of all} \\ \end{array} }$

5.
$$\frac{4-\frac{1}{3}}{10}$$

$$\frac{4-\frac{1}{3}}{10}$$

6.
$$\frac{x + \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\frac{x + \frac{2}{x}}{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$7. \ \frac{a+b}{\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}}$$

Answers

- **1**. 10
- **2**. 15x
- 3. $\frac{9+4a-2b}{12}$ 4. $\frac{9x-4x^2}{6}$ 5. $\frac{11}{30}$ 6. $\frac{4(x^2+2)}{x}$ 7. ab